

# Research on oil palm biotechnology and breeding - an introduction for chemical engineers

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Palm Oil Processing Special Interest Group (POPSIG) IChemE Evening Talk 13 August 2018 Monash University

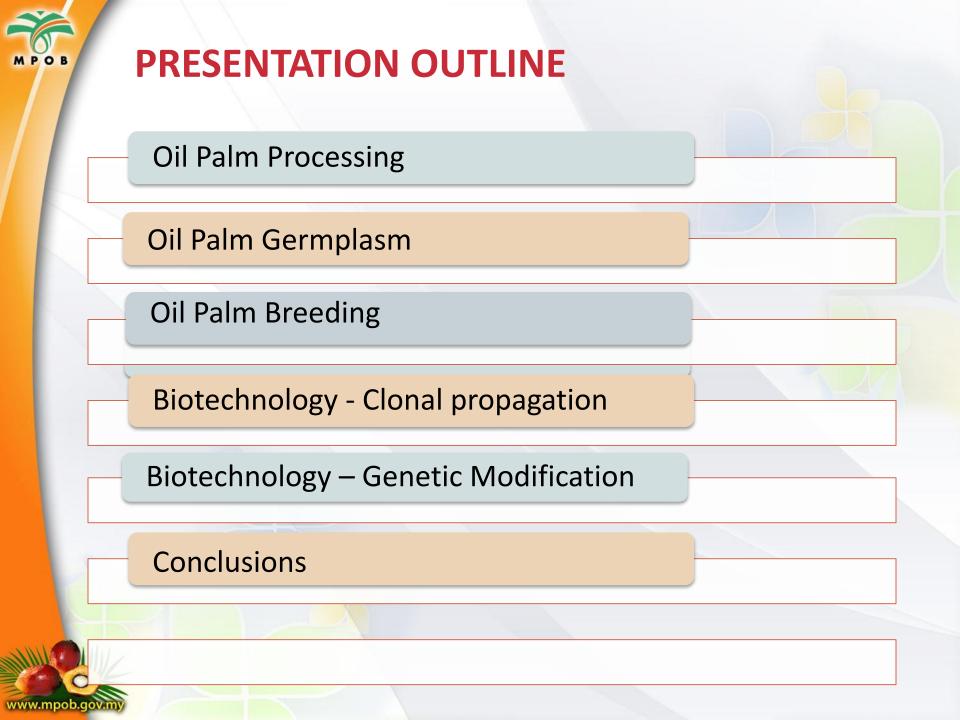


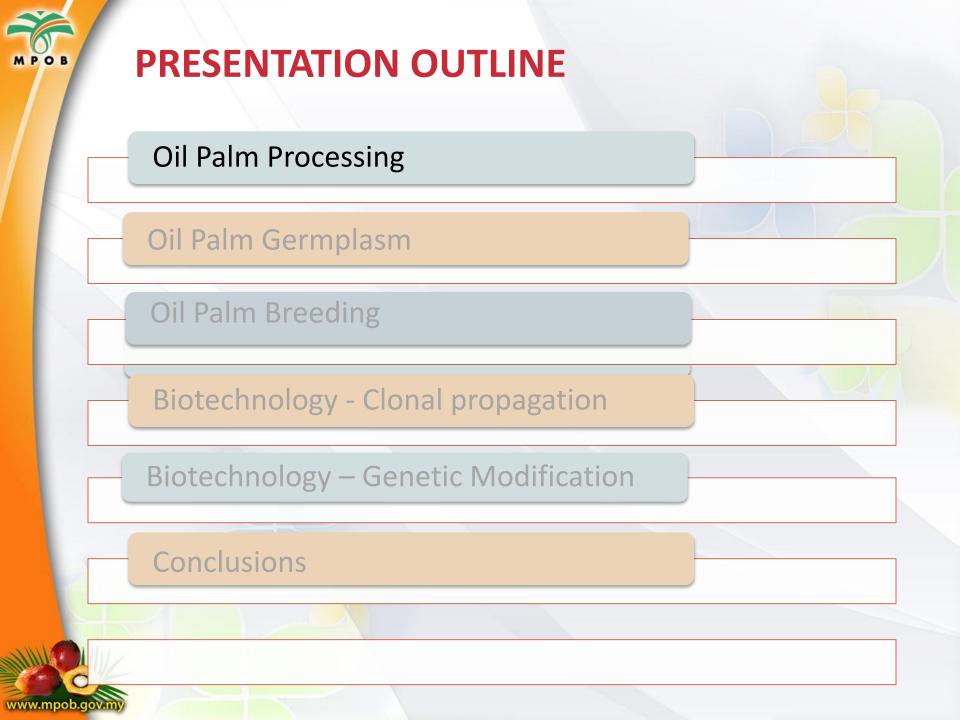


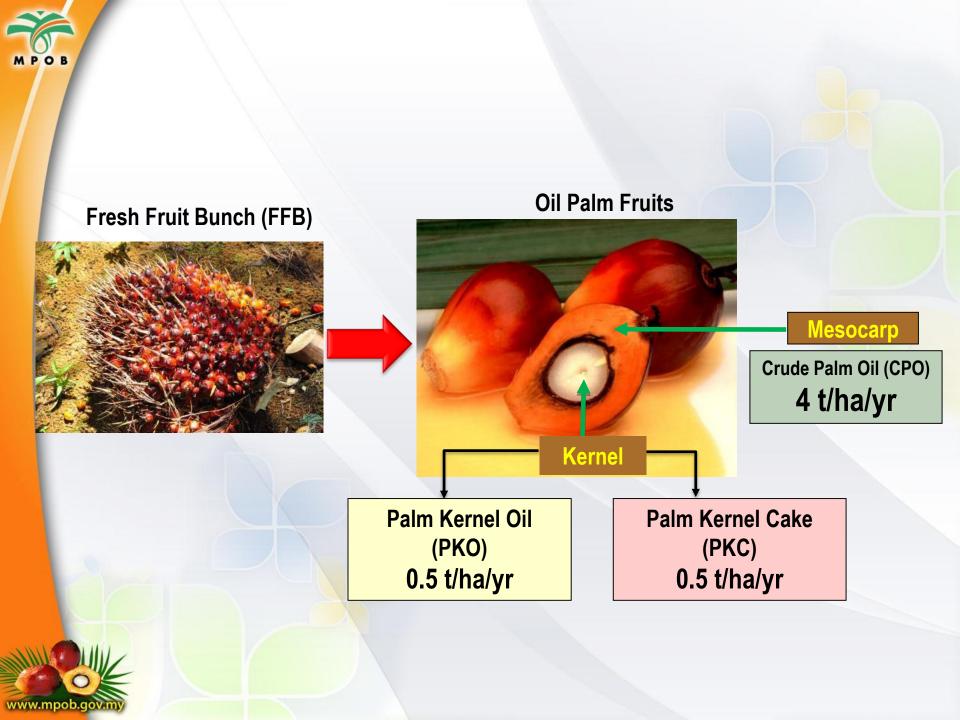


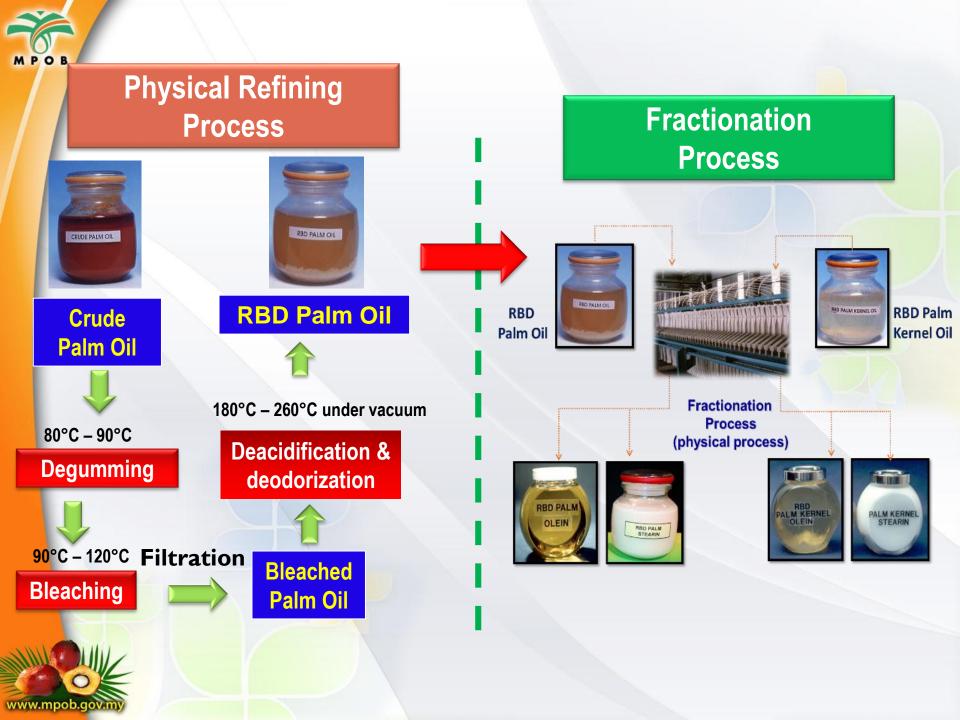
MALAYSIA

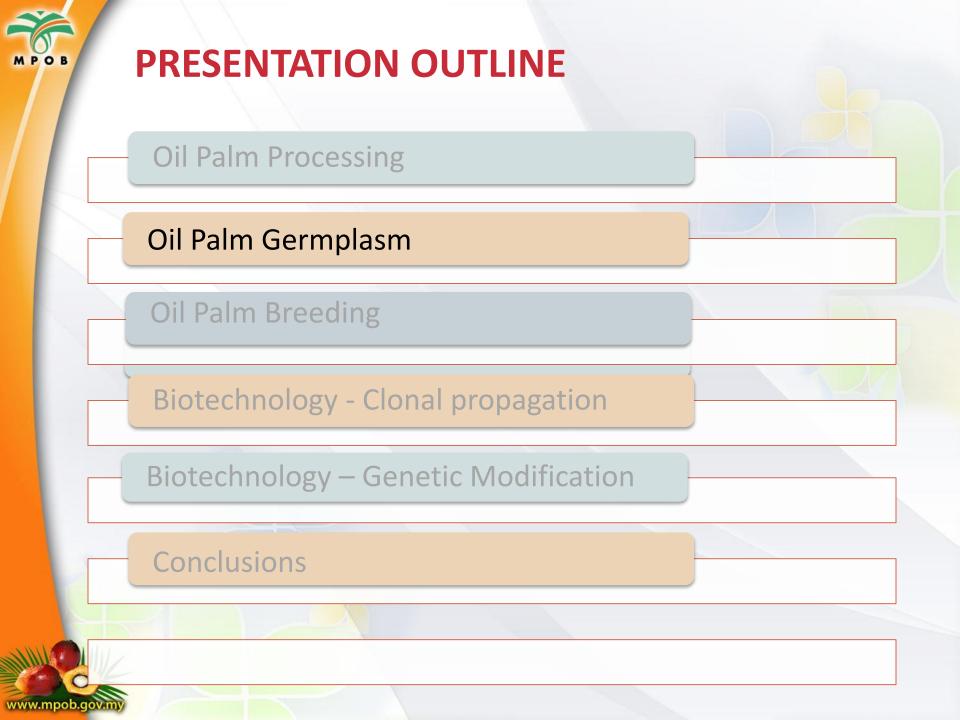
MONASH INDUSTRY PALM OIL PLATFORM









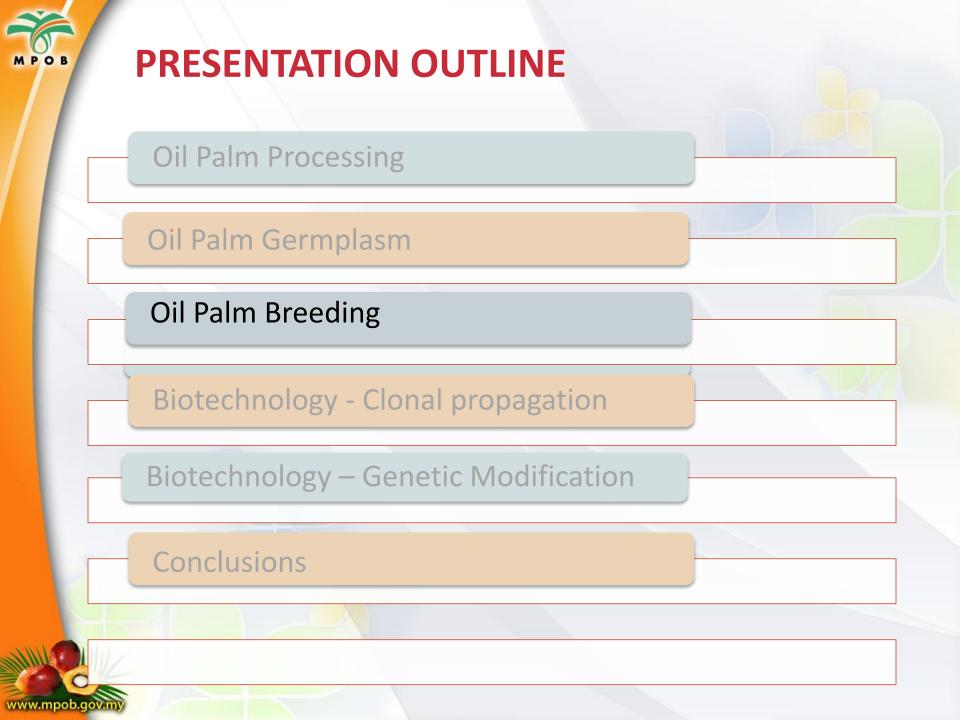


#### Starting from 4 seedlings from Deli Dura

To broader genetic based - collect palms: many sites & wider range of environments

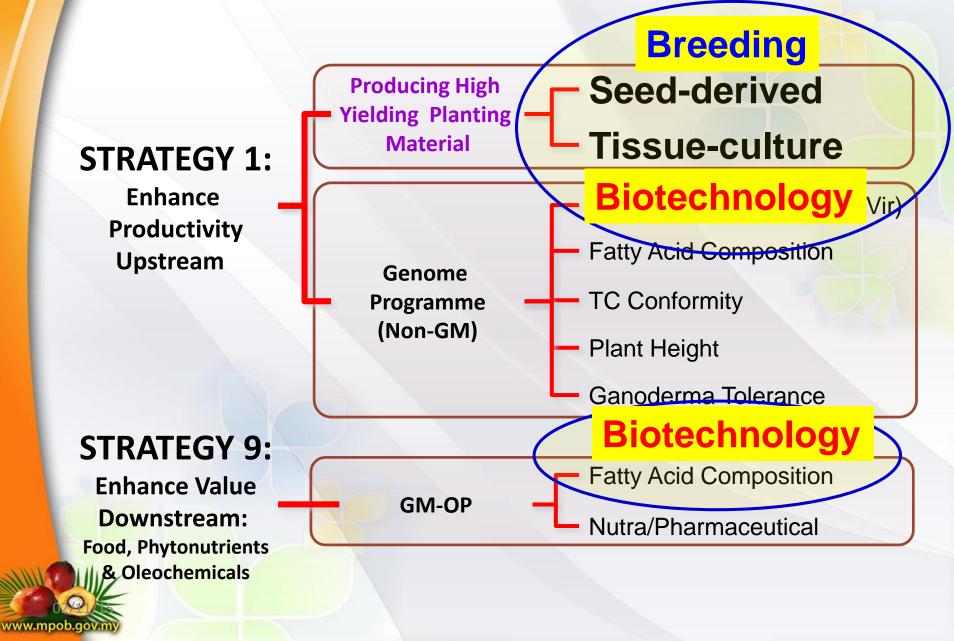
# Seed Producers in Malaysia

	Seed Producers	<i>Dura</i> parent	<i>Pisifera</i> parent
1.		Deli dura Deli dura	Yangambi <mark>Congo</mark> URT
2. 3.		Deli dura	AVROS
3. 4.		Deli dura	Dumpy AVROS
5.		Deli dura	Dumpy AVROS-Yangambi
6.		Deli dura	Yangambi derived
7.		Deli dura	AVROS
8.		Deli dura	AVROS
9.		Deli dura	AVROS
10.		Deli dura	AVROS
<mark>11</mark> .		Deli dura	AVROS
12.		Deli dura	AVROS
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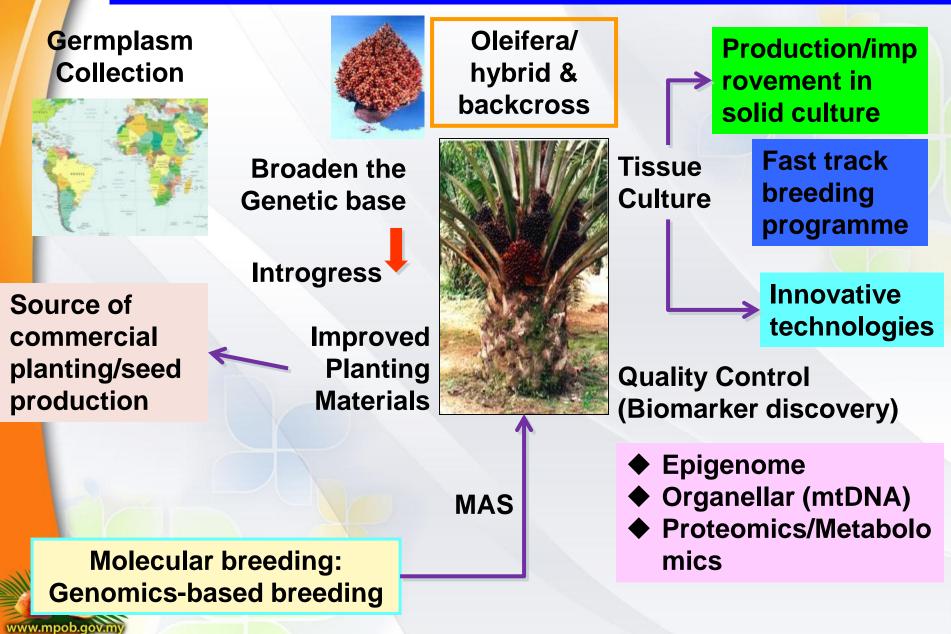


#### **MPOB STRATEGIES FOR CROP IMPROVEMENT**





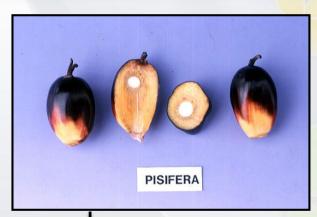
## **BREEDING STRATEGIES**





#### Genetics of Oil Palm (DxP) Seed Production





#### Dura (SH<sup>+</sup> SH<sup>+</sup>)

Homozygous wild type



X

#### Tenera (SH+Sh<sup>-</sup>)

Heterozygous co-dominant

Pisifera (Sh<sup>-</sup>Sh<sup>-</sup>) Homozygous mutant

(Beirnaert and Vanderweyen, 1941)





# Deli *Dura* Improvement Programme





# AVROS *Pisifera* Improvement Programme





# D x P Progeny Test Result





#### **PS 1: SHORT PALM - NGA**

Slow height increment PS1: 20 – 45 cm/yr Current DxP: 40-75 cm/

High FFB yield 30 – 33t/ha/yr







## **PS 2: HIGH IODINE VALUE**

#### For a more unsaturated and liquid palm oil

Iodine value
 PS2: > 60
 Current DxP: 50-53



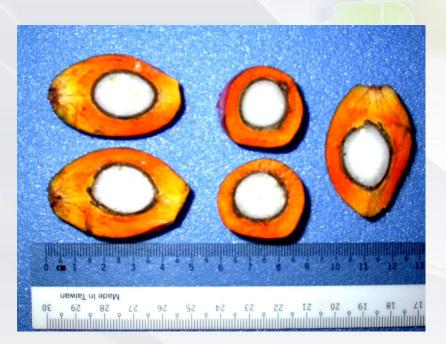




#### **PS3: LARGE KERNEL - NGA**

- important for lauric acid
- K/B
  - PS3: 2.6-15.3%
- Current DxP:5-7% • Individual performance K/F>16%, FFB>160, OY>20kg







## PS4 &11 HIGH CAROTENE *E. oleifera* & *E. guineensis*





Important source of Vitamin A
 Carotene content - *oleifera* 
 PS4: > 3000 ppm, IV-80
 Current DxP: 500 – 700 ppm, IV- 50-53
 Carotene content - *guineensis* PS11: > 2000ppm



PS11: > 2000ppm Commercial DxP : 500 – 700ppm FFB >28t/ha/yr



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## PS 5 : THIN SHELL (Teneras)-TZA



#### •S/F **PS5: 2.80-7.40%** Current DxP: 12%

•Individual performance – M/F>80%, O/B- 26-29%, F/B-60-65%



#### PS 6 : LARGE FRUIT (Duras)-AGO

#### •Criteria - MFW (24g – 34g)

- FFB > 100kg/p/yr
- M/F (50% 60%)
- F/B (60%- 77%)
- O/B (16%– 22%)

#### Commercial DxP: MFW (10g)



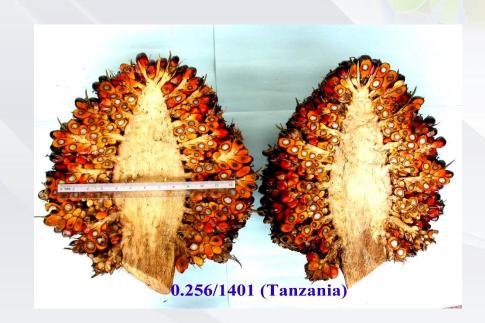




## PS 7: HIGH BUNCH INDEX (BI) - NGA, TZA

- BI = <u>BDM</u> TDM PS7: 0.6 Commercial DxP: 0.3
- High FFB Yield : 27 – 40 t/ha/yr







#### **PS 8: HIGH VITAMIN E**



Several material – NGA, TZA, ZAR, AGO, CMR

PS8 : 1300 – 2500 ppm

**Commercial DxP :**600 – 1000 ppm

•150/500- 2496.7ppm; dwarf; Bl-0.68; yield-8.32t/ha/yr





#### **PS 10: LONG STALK- AGO**

#### Stalk length PS10: 20cm – 30 cm Commercial DxP: 10cm – 15 cm

FFB>170kg/p/yr (dura), >200kg/p/yr (tenera)







## **PS 12 : HIGH OLEIC ACID- NGA**

- High oleic acid has higher iodine value > liquidity
- Oleic Acid (C18:1)

PS12: > 48% Commercial DxP : 37% - 40%







- Low lipase > low FFA > good quality palm oil
- Lipase content
   PS13: <10% at 5°C</li>
   Commercial DxP: 22% 73%
- 4 teneras and 4 duras, FFB > 144.08 kg/p/year O/B > 11.57%

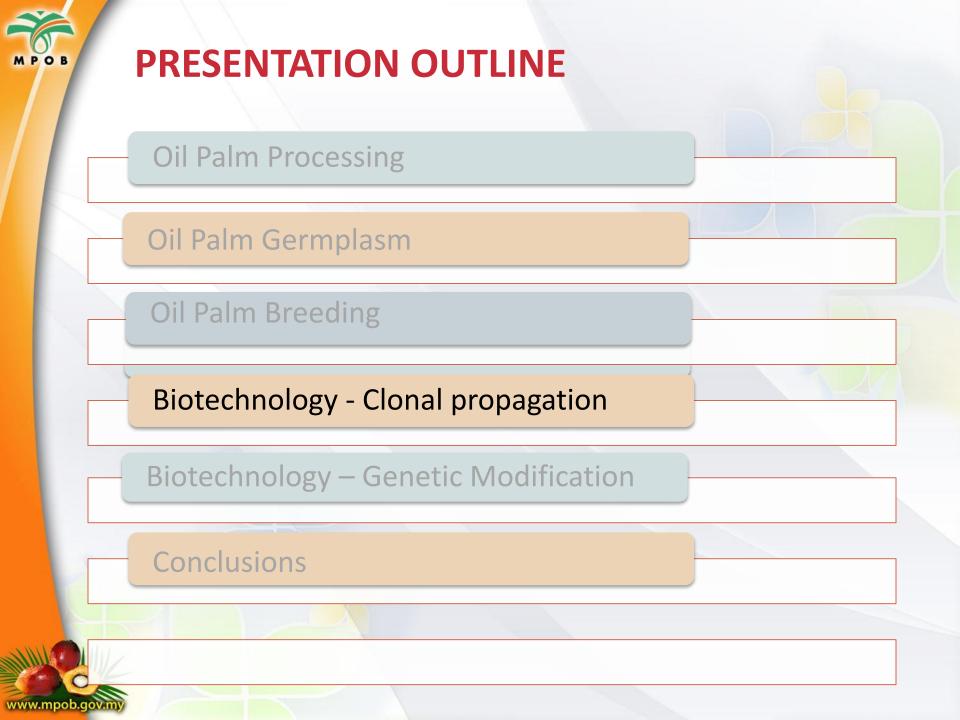




#### **PS 14 : HIGH PROTEIN KERNEL**

- Palm kernel cake (PKC)
  - Solid residue from extraction of oil
  - Important in formulation of animal feed
- Crude protein
   PS14: 21.09% 24.04%
   Commercial DxP: 16.67%







# **OIL PALM TISSUE CULTURE**

Sampling leaf cabbage/palm crown **Cutting of young leaves** 

6 months

Leaf explant culture

9 months **Callus formation** 



24 months

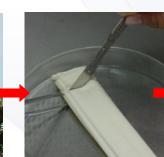
**Embryoid formation** 



Abnormal

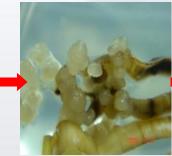
8-9 months

(Field planting - 1 yr old)



Normal

3 -4 months





**Boost yields** 20% - 30%

**Rooting stage** 

3 months



Polyembryoid multiplication stage

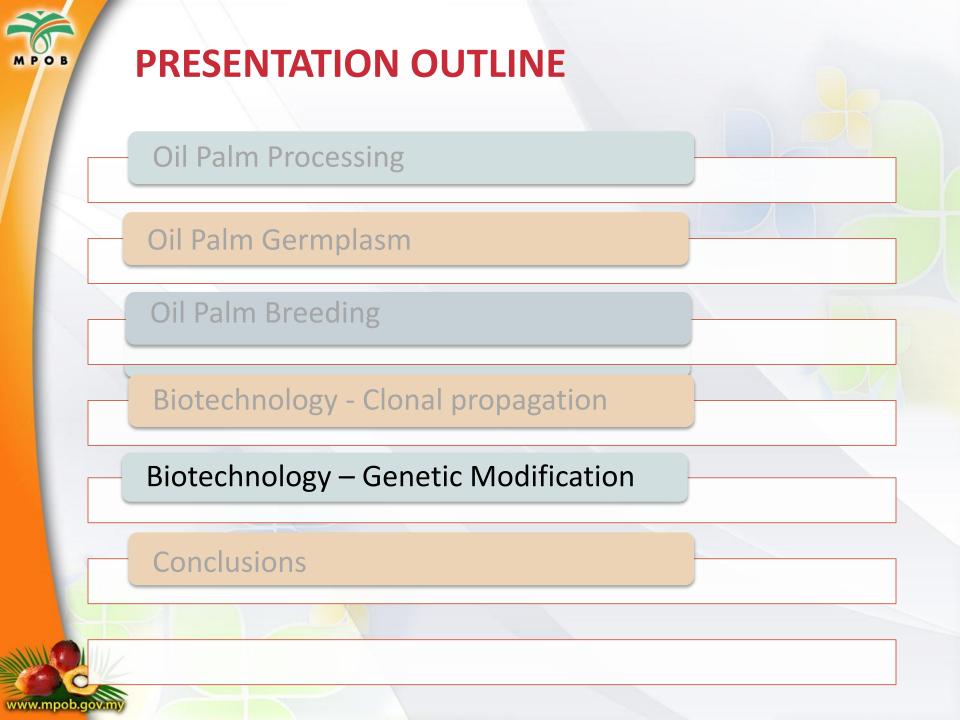


Shoot dev stage 4 months



In field nursery

Acclimatization stage



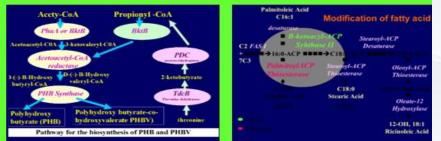


## Biotechnology of Oil Palm Inherent high productivity of the oil palm to be channeled towards the production of high value specialty oils and industrial feedstock



#### TARGETED PRODUCTS

- High oleic acid oil
- High stearic acid oil
- Biodegradable plastics
- Lycopene-enriched oil
- High palmitoleic acid oil
- High ricinoleic acid oil



# Genetic engineering approaches

- 1. Method to regenerate plants (TC)
- 2. Isolation of Target Genes and Tissue-specific Promoters
- **3**. Gene Constructs for Transformation
- 4. Introduction into Oil Palm Tissues
- 5. Selection and Regeneration
- 6. Molecular & biochemical analyses



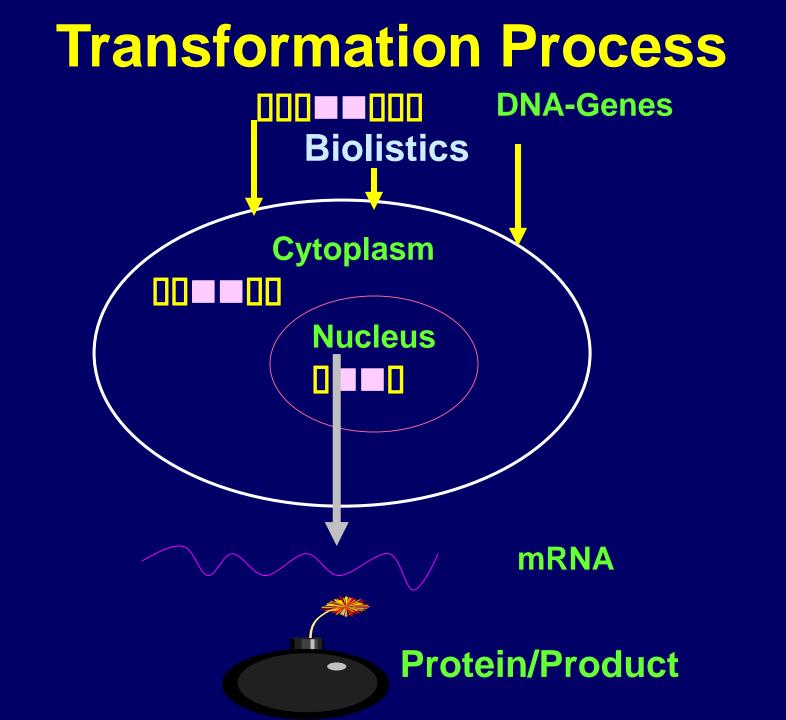
# **Transformation**

Process to transfer foreign genes (DNA) from one organism into the same or different organism transgenic

The foreign gene can be from plant, animal, human, bacteria, fungal or virus.







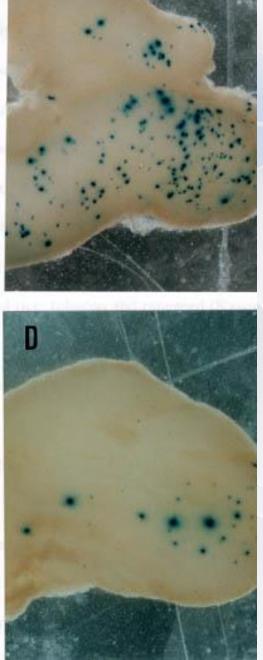


- Steps to produce transgenic plants
- 1. Optimize transformation method
- 2. Transformation of target tissue
- 3. Selection of transformants
- 4. Proliferation and regeneration
- Confirmation of transgenic status molecular and biochemical analyses









B

High

Low







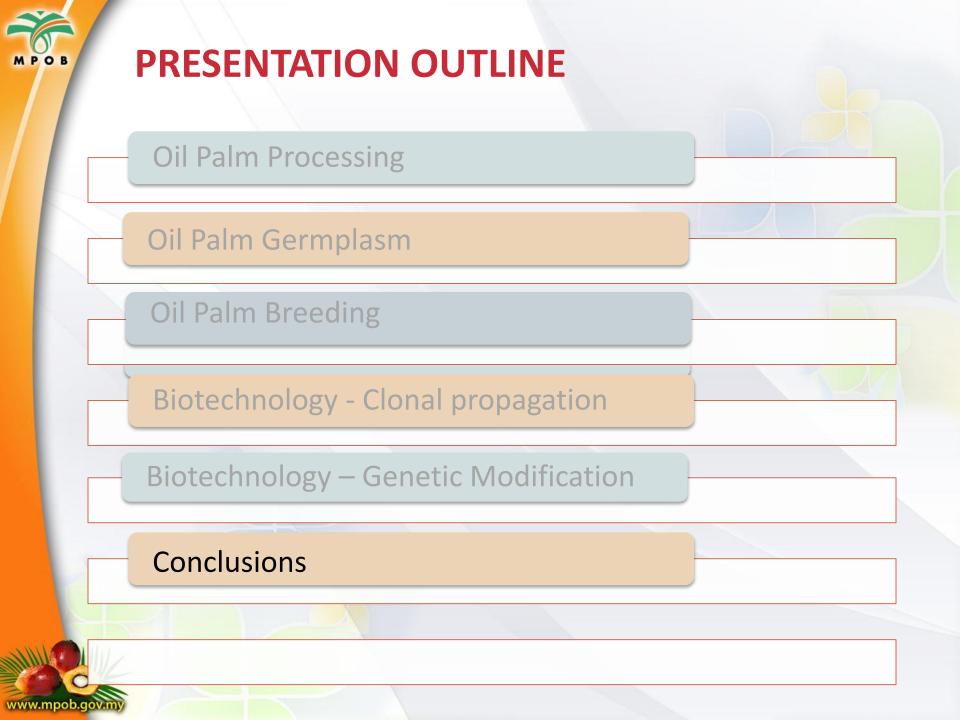
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## CONCLUSION

- Large collection of oil palm germplasms broader gene pool
- 14 PS Series for oil palm industry
- Potential of higher yield and novel metabolites from germplasm collection
- Tissue culture to fast tract
- Genetic manipulation could produce oil palm with new characteristics not found in nature.





# PIPOC 2019 19 - 21 November 2019

# 19 - 21 November 2019 Kuala Lumpur Convention Centre, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

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